

Zadanie 1. Wyznacz pochodną podanych funkcji

$$(1) [6x^8 + x^6 + 4x^3 - 2x + 1]' =$$

$$(2) \left[7x + \frac{2}{x} - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^5}\right]' =$$

$$(3) [5x^6 + \sin x - 9x + \cos x]' =$$

$$(4) [\sin x + 2 \cos x - 4 \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{ctg} x]' =$$

$$(5) [\operatorname{arc} \sin x + x^3 + \sqrt[4]{x^3}]' =$$

$$(6) \left[\frac{4}{7} \sqrt[5]{x^4} + x\right]' =$$

$$(7) \left[2\sqrt{x} - 5\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \frac{2}{x} - \frac{4}{x^3}\right]' =$$

$$(8) \left[\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^5} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}\right]' =$$

$$(9) \left[\frac{3}{10} x^{100} - \sqrt{4x}\right]' =$$

$$(10) \left[\sqrt[9]{x^5} + \sqrt[5]{x^3} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}\right]' =$$

$$(11) [4x^5 \sqrt[3]{x}]' =$$

$$(12) [5x\sqrt{x} + 2x^2 \sqrt[3]{x}]' =$$

$$(13) \left[x^3 \left(3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{x}\right)\right]' =$$

$$(14) \left[\left(2x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right) \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} + 1\right)\right]' =$$

$$(15) [\sin x \cdot \cos x]' =$$

$$(16) [(x^2 - 3x) \sin x]' =$$

$$(17) [\sqrt{x} \operatorname{ctg} x]' =$$

$$(18) [(\sqrt{x} - 2x) \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x]' =$$

$$(19) \left[\frac{3\sqrt{x}}{x^3 \sqrt[3]{x}}\right]' =$$

$$(20) \left[\frac{3x^6 + 2x^2 - 3x + 1}{x^2}\right]' =$$

$$(21) \left[\frac{4\sqrt{x} + 3x - 4x^2}{\sqrt{x}}\right]' =$$

$$(22) \left[\frac{x^2 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}\right]' =$$

$$(23) \left[\frac{10}{5x^4 + 3x^2 - 7x}\right]' =$$

$$(24) \left[\frac{5x^6}{-3x^3 + x}\right]' =$$

$$(25) \left[\frac{2x + 1}{3x - 2}\right]' =$$

$$(26) \left[\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{4 + \sqrt[3]{x}}\right]' =$$

$$(27) \left[\frac{\sqrt{x} - x}{4x^3 - x}\right]' =$$

$$(28) \left[\frac{4x^3 - 2x + 1}{7x - 4}\right]' =$$

$$(29) \left[\frac{x^4}{\sin x}\right]' =$$

$$(30) \left[\frac{\operatorname{arc} \sin x}{\operatorname{arc} \cos x}\right]' =$$

$$(31) \left[\frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{x + 1}\right]' =$$

$$(32) \left[\frac{1}{\cos x}\right]' =$$

$$(33) [\cos(4x) + 2 \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg}(7x)]' =$$

$$(34) [\sin(3x^3 + 3)]' =$$

$$(35) [\operatorname{arc} \sin(6x^2) + \sin \sqrt{x}]' =$$

$$(36) [3 \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg}(x^3) + \operatorname{tg}(8x^3)]' =$$

$$(37) [\cos^2 x + \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg}^2 x]' =$$

$$(38) [\sin(\cos(x^3))]'$$

$$(39) [\sin^3(4x^3)]' =$$

$$(40) [(\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg}(7x^2 + \sqrt{x}) + 2)^4]' =$$

$$(41) [(8x^3 - 1) \operatorname{ctg} \sqrt{x}]' =$$

$$(42) [\sqrt[3]{3x} \operatorname{arc} \cos(4x + 1)]' =$$

$$(43) [\cos(x^2) \operatorname{tg}(4x)]' =$$

$$(44) \left[\frac{\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg}(4x)}{\operatorname{tg}(3x)}\right]' =$$

$$(45) \left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sin(x^2)}\right]' =$$

$$(46) \left[\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x + 1}\right)\right]' =$$

$$(47) [\cos(x \cdot \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x)]' =$$

$$(48) [\operatorname{tg}^3(\operatorname{ctg} x)]' =$$

$$(49) \left[\sqrt{\cos x + 3x - \frac{1}{x^2}}\right]' =$$

$$(50) \left[\sqrt[3]{\frac{x - 2}{x^2 + x}}\right]' =$$

Zadanie 2. Oblicz podane całki

$$(1) \int (7x^2 + x + 1) dx =$$

$$(2) \int (8x^3 - \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^5}) dx =$$

$$(3) \int (3\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^3} - 2x\sqrt{x}) dx =$$

$$(4) \int_0^1 (x + \sqrt[3]{x^2}) dx =$$

$$(5) \int_1^4 (2x^2 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}) dx =$$

$$(6) \int \frac{x^5 - 3x^3 + 4x}{x^3} dx =$$

$$(7) \int \frac{\sqrt{x} + 4x - \sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx =$$

$$(8) \int \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx =$$

$$(9) \int (x^2 - 4)\sqrt{x} dx =$$

$$(10) \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{x}\sqrt[3]{x} dx =$$

$$(11) \int_0^{1/2} \frac{4}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx =$$

$$(12) \int_{-\pi}^0 (\cos 3x + 2) dx =$$

$$(13) \int \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} dx =$$

$$(14) \int \left(\frac{3}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{2}{\cos^2 x} \right) dx =$$

$$(15) \int \frac{5}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx =$$

$$(16) \int \cos(3-2x) dx =$$

$$(17) \int (5-3x)^{30} dx =$$

$$(18) \int \frac{x}{(4+x^2)^5} dx =$$

$$(19) \int_1^2 2x\sqrt{3x^2-2} dx =$$

$$(20) \int \frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx =$$

$$(21) \int (\cos(3x) + x\sqrt[4]{x^3}) dx =$$

$$(22) \int \frac{4}{x^2+1} dx =$$

$$(23) \int_{-1}^2 \frac{x^3}{(x^4+1)^2} dx =$$

$$(24) \int_{-1}^2 2x^2\sqrt[3]{x^3+1} dx =$$

$$(25) \int \frac{1}{4x^2+1} dx =$$

$$(26) \int \frac{1}{x^2+4} dx =$$

$$(27) \int \sin x \cos^3 x dx =$$

$$(28) \int \sin^7 x \cos x dx =$$

$$(29) \int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x dx =$$

$$(30) \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \sin^3 x \cos x dx =$$

$$(31) \int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^3 x} dx =$$

$$(32) \int \frac{\operatorname{ctg} x}{\sin x} dx =$$

$$(33) \int x^2 \sin x dx =$$

$$(34) \int (3x^2 - x) \cos 2x dx =$$

$$(35) \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x^2 \cos x dx =$$

$$(36) \int_0^{\pi} x(1 + \cos x) dx =$$

$$(37) \int_0^{\pi/4} x \sin 2x dx =$$

$$(38) \int \sin 4x \cdot \cos 2x dx =$$

$$(39) \int x^2 \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} x dx =$$

$$(40) \int x \sin x \cos x dx =$$